

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} \frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} \frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c}$$

Must be =.

$$3x^2 \quad x \leq 1$$

$$a - 3b \quad x > 1$$

Mar 1-10:27 AM

$$y = \ln(3x^2 + 2)$$

$$f'(2)$$

$$y' = \frac{6x}{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$\frac{\ln e = 1}{e^0 = 1}$$

$$f'(2) = \frac{6(2)}{3(2)^2 + 2} = \frac{12}{14} = \frac{6}{7}$$

Mar 1-10:31 AM

$$x^2 - 3 \ln y + xy^2 = 10$$

$$2x - \frac{3y'}{y} + x(2yy') + y^2 = 0$$

$$y \left( -\frac{3y'}{y} + 2xyy' = -2x - y^2 \right)$$

$$-3y' + 2xy^2y' = -2xy - y^3$$

$$y'(-3 + 2xy^2) = -2xy - y^3$$

$$y' = \frac{-2xy - y^3}{-3 + 2xy^2}$$

Mar 1-10:33 AM

(27)

$$2x^2 - y^4 = 1 \quad (1,1)$$

$$4x - 4y^3y' = 0$$

$$\frac{-4y^3y'}{-4y^3} = \frac{-4x}{-4y^3}$$

$$y' = \frac{x}{y^3}$$

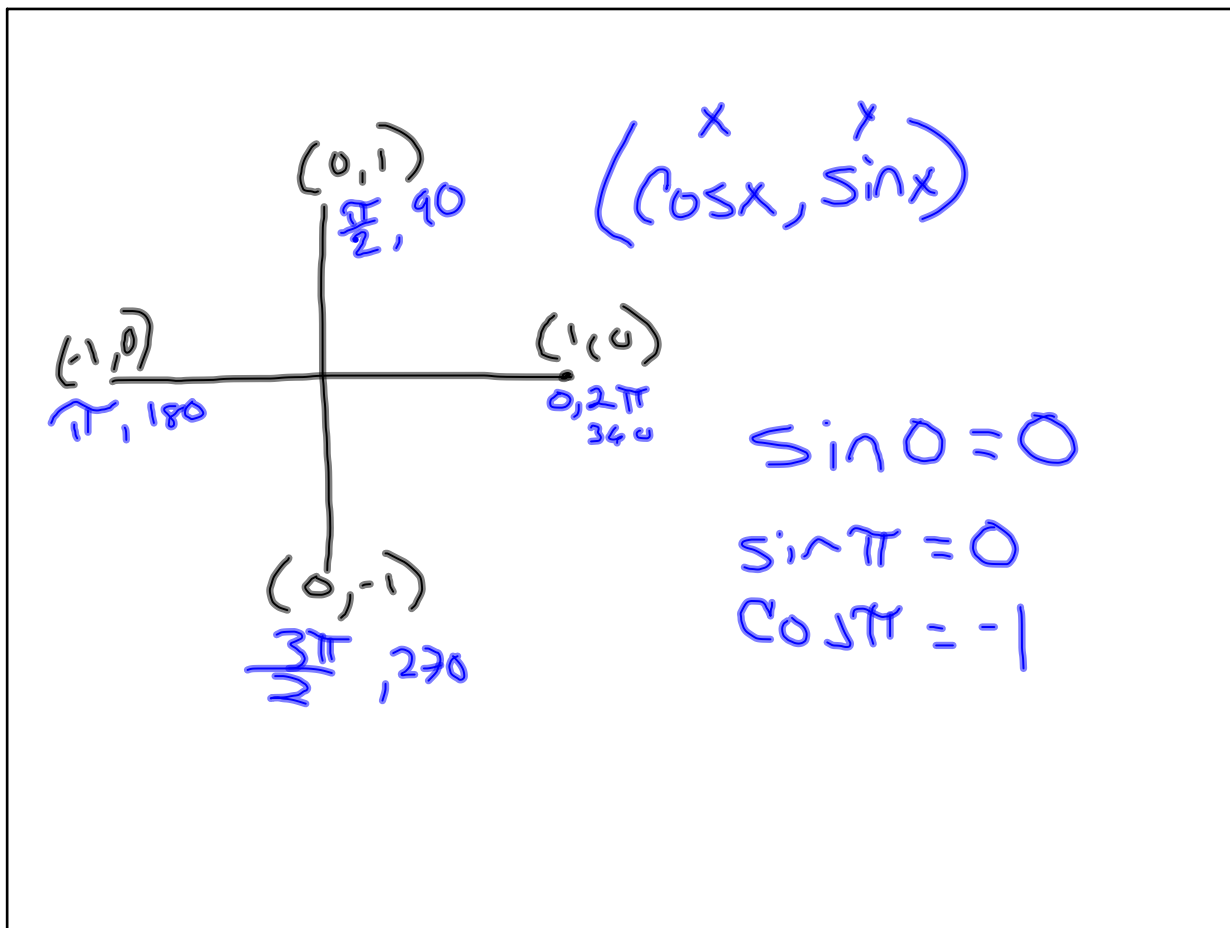
1) Take Deriv  
2) Plug in Pts to find slope.  
3)  $y = mx + b$

2)  $y' = \frac{1}{1^3} = 1$   
 $m = 1$

3)  $y = mx + b$   
 $1 = 1(1) + b$   
 $-1 \quad -1$   
 $0 = b$

$y = x$

Mar 1-10:41 AM



Mar 1-10:45 AM

log.

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}}$$

$$\ln y = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2-1) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+1)$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{1(2x)}{2(x^2-1)} - \frac{1(2x)}{2(x^2+1)}$$

$$y' = y \left[ \frac{2x(x^2+1) - 2x(x^2-1)}{2(x^2-1)(x^2+1)} \right]$$

$$y' = \frac{(x^2-1)^{1/2}}{(x^2+1)^{1/2}} \left[ \frac{x^3+x-x^3+x}{(x^2-1)(x^2+1)} \right]$$

$$y' = \frac{2x}{(x^2-1)^{1/2}(x^2+1)^{1/2}}$$

Mar 1-10:47 AM