

CaCl₂ dissolves +
releases heat
from chemical bonds



= "heat of solution"

$$\Delta H_{\text{soln}} \text{ CaCl}_2 = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{exo-}}}{-82.8} \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{soln}} = \frac{q}{\text{m des}}$$

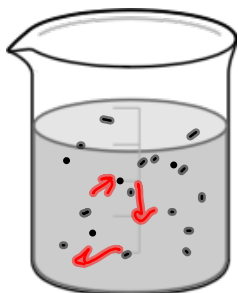
$$C_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 4.18 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C}$$

100g

$$q = C_m \Delta T \leftarrow T_f - T_i$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{soln}} \text{ CaCl}_2 = \frac{q}{\text{mol CaCl}_2}$$

$$\frac{5 \text{ g CaCl}_2}{\text{g CaCl}_2} \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol CaCl}_2}{\text{g CaCl}_2} \right.$$



CaCl_2 - releases heat into the water as chemical bonds are broken

$$\Delta H_{\text{soln}} = -82.8 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{soln}} = \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}} = \frac{q}{\text{moles CaCl}_2}$$

$$q = C_m \Delta T = (4.18 \text{ J/g}^\circ\text{C})(100 \text{ g})(T_f - T_i)$$

$\Rightarrow \text{kJ}$

$$\frac{5 \text{ g CaCl}_2}{1 \text{ mol CaCl}_2} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CaCl}_2}{110.98 \text{ g CaCl}_2} = \text{mol}$$